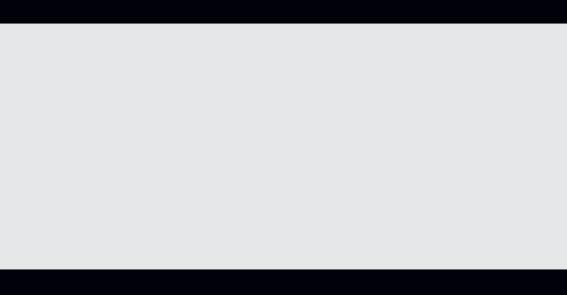
Owner's Manual





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Congratulations on your purchase of the TP9 ELITE COMBAT Semi – Automatic Pistol. With proper care and handling, it will give you many years of long, reliable service. The TP9 ELITE COMBAT is chambered for the 9x19 mm / 9x21 mm cartridge.

We specifically disclaim any responsibility for damage or injury whatsoever, occurring as a result of the use of faulty, non-standard or remanufactured ammunition, any modifications, or changes made to the firearm; improper use or unsafe handling of the firearm.

Always keep this manual with your firearm. Make sure you understand all the warnings, operation instructions and safety procedures. When you lend, give or sell the firearm, be sure this manual goes with it.

FIREARMS SAFETY IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILTY OF THE SHOOTER. ALWAYS TREAT ALL FIREARMS AS IF THEY WERE LOADED AT ALL TIMES!



IMPORTANT!

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS IN THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USING THIS FIREARM.

A IMPORTANT SAFETY MESSAGE

Children are attracted to, and can operate firearms which can cause severe injuries or death. Prevent child access by always keeping gun locked, unloadedand separatedfrom ammunition when not in use. If you keep a loaded firearm where a child obtains and improperly uses it, you may be fined or sent to prison.

Firearms Safety Depends on You

A gun is only as safe as the person operating it. You can never be overly careful when handling a firearm. Carelessness is often the cause of shooting accidents, such as failing to keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction, not being sure of your target and what is behind it, leaving ammunition in the chamber or using improper loads. Since a bullet can never be called back once fired, such errors in gun handling can result in the loss of life, severe injury or property damage thus it is crucial for your safety and the safety of those around you that you learn the principles of safe gun handling and storage before you begin to use your new firearm. Be a safe shooter – please read this instruction book thoroughly even if this is not your first firearm purchase as not all firearms are the same. The first step in being a safe shooter is to learn the rules for the safe operation and handling of firearms. There is nothing more important in gun handling than safety.

Alcohol, Drugs and Guns Don't Mix. Make No Mistake About It!

Never handle firearms after consuming alcohol or taking drugs that can affect your judgement. Shoot sober! Alcohol, certain kinds of drugs and firearms don't mix. Safe firearms handling requires alertness and concentration on one's actions. You cannot handle a firearm safely after consuming alcohol. Never consume anything that can impair your judgement or physical coordination when handling a firearm. Never allow yourself to be distracted while handling a firearms.

THE RULES OF THE PISTOL'S SAFETY

The Ten Commandments of Firearm Safety must be etched into your memory before you begin to handle firearms. These rules are intended to be understood and followed by all persons handling firearms in the field, on the range or at home. Please read, review and understand these rules before you begin to use or even take your new firearm out of its box. Remember, firearms safety depends on you! Memorizing these safety rules will help prevent gun accidents. Please study these safety rules before handling your firearm.

A Rule - 1

Always Keep the Muzzle Pointed in a Safe Direction

This is the most basic and most important safety rule. A safe direction is one in which an accidental discharge will not cause injury to yourself, to others or property damage. This is particularly important when loading or unloading your firearm. Never point your gun at anything you do not intend to shoot. Treat every gun as if it were loaded at all times.

A Rule - 2

Firearms Should Be Unloaded When Not Actually in Use

Firearms should only be loaded when you are in the field or on the target range or shooting area, ready to shoot. When not in use, firearms and ammunition should be secured in a safe place, separate from each other. Remember to unload your firearm completely so that there is no ammunition in the chamber or magazine. Before handling this or any firearm, or handling it to someone else, visually check the chamber and magazine to ensure they do not contain ammunition. Always keep the gun's action open when not in use. Never assume a gun is unloaded - even if you were the last person to use it. Never cross a fence, climb a tree, wade through a stream or perform any awkward movement with a loaded gun. Never lean or place a firearm where it could fall. When in doubt, unload your gun! Never pull or push a loaded firearm toward yourself or another person. Never carry a loaded gun in a scabbard, a holster not being worn or a gun case - common sense prevails in gun safety!

A Rule - 3

Don't Completely Rely on Your Gun's Safety

Treat every gun as though it could fire at any time, even if you are not applying pressure to the trigger. The "safety" on a firearm is a mechanical device which, like any such device, can become inoperable at the worst possible time and fail to function. By mistake, you may think the safety is "ON" when it actually is not. Or you may think your gun is unloaded when there is actually a round of ammunition in it. The safety serves as a supplement to proper gun handling but cannot serve as a substitute for common sense. Never handle a gun carelessly and assume that the gun won't fire just because "the safety is on." Never touch the firearm's trigger until you are ready to shoot. Keep your fingers away from the trigger when loading or unloading. Never pull the trigger when the safety is engaged or when the safety is positioned between the "SAFE" and "FIRE" positions. Never place your finger on the trigger unless you intend to fire.

A Rule - 4

Be Sure of Your Target And What Is Beyond It!

Once fired, a bullet (or shot charge) can never be called back; so before you shoot, know where the bullet is going and what it will strike. Be certain your shot will not injure someone or strike something beyond the target. Never fire in the direction of noise, a movement or at any object you cannot positively identify. Be aware that a .22 Short bullet can travel over 1 ¼ miles. A centerfire cartridge, such as the .30-06, can send its bullet over 3 miles. Shotgun pellets can travel 500 yards and a shotgun slug has a range of over a half mile. Make sure your shot has a safe backstop such as a hillside. Keep in mind how far the bullet will travel if it misses your intended target. Never shoot at a hard surface or water as the projectile may glance or ricochet in an unpredictable direction. Once fired, a bullet can never be called back. You are responsible for your actions and judgment.

A Rule - 5

Use the Correct Ammunition

Every firearm is designed to use a certain caliber or gauge of ammunition. It is important that you use the correct ammunition for your firearm. Information on the correct ammunition to use with your firearm appears in the firearm's instruction manual and the manufacturer's markings on the firearm itself. Use of the wrong ammunition, improperly reloaded ammunition or corroded ammunition can result in the destruction of the firearm, serious personal injury and/or death. Form the habit of examining every round of ammunition before you put it into your gun to ensure it is of the proper gauge or caliber and that it is in good condition.

A Rule - 6

If Your Gun Fails to Fire When the Trigger Is Pulled, Handle With Care

If a cartridge or shell does not fire when the trigger is pulled, follow Commandment #1 and keep the firearm's muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Keep the muzzle down range with the action closed and walt at least 30 seconds (to ensure that the ammunition is not delayed in firing) before carefully opening the action, unloading the firearm and safety disposing of the ammunition.

A Rule - 7

Always Wear Eye and Ear Protection When Shooting

Exposure to shooting noise can permanently damage hearing. Flying debris, such as powder residue and ejected cartridge cases, can injure your eyes. Thus, it is only common sense to wear both eye protection (such as shooting glasses) and ear protection (such as a sound-muffling headset) whenever shooting. Also, wear eye protection when cleaning or disassembling your gun to ensure that cleaning solvent and tensioned parts (such as springs) do not come into contact with your eyes.

A Rule - 8

Be Sure the Barrel Is Clear of Obstructions Before Shooting

Discharging a firearm with an obstruction in the barrel can result in personal injury, property damage and/or death. Before you load your firearm, check the chamber and magazine to ascertain that no ammunition is inside. Also, check the inside of the barrel (called the "bore") to ensure it is free of obstructions. Even a small amount of mud, snow or excess lubricating oil or grease in the bore can cause excessive pressures resulting in a bulged or burst barrel which can injure or kill the shooter and bystanders. It is a good idea to make a habit of cleaning the bore and checking for obstructions with a cleaning rod just before each shooting session. If the noise or recoil experienced upon firing seems low or weak, or something doesn't feel "right," case firing immediately and carefully check to make sure that there is no obstruction in the barrel. Placing an undersized shell or cartridge into a gun (such as a 20 gauge shell in a shotgun chambered for 12 gauge ammunition) can result in the smaller cound of ammunition listing into the barrel and acting as an obstruction. When a round is subsequently fired, the barrel ray burst, causing injury to the shooter and bystanders. For reference, re-read Commandment #5.

A Rule - 9

Do Not Alter or Modify Your Gun and Have It Serviced Regularly

Firearms are complex mechanisms that are designed to function properly in their original condition. Any alterations or changes made to a firearm after its manufacture can make the gun unsafe and will void its warranty. Do not jeopardize your safety or the safety of others by altering the trigger, mechanical safety or other mechanisms of your firearm. You should have your firearm periodically checked for proper functioning and serviced by a qualified gunsmith.

A Rule - 10

Learn the Mechanical and Handling Characteristics of Your Firearm

Not all firearms operate the same way. The method of carrying, handling and operating firearms varies with the mechanical characteristics of each gun. Thus, you should never handle any firearm until you become familiar with the safe handling, loading, unloading and carrying procedures for that particular firearm, as well as the rules for safe gun handling in general.



LEAD WARNING!

Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning firearms or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm and other serious injuries. Have adequate ventilation at all times when shooting. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

Basics of Safe Gun Handling

- Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
- 2. Firearms should be unloaded when not actually in use.
- Don't totally rely on your gun's safety.
- Be sure of your target and what is beyond it.
- 5. Use the correct ammunition for your firearm.
- 6. If your gun fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, handle with care.
- Always wear eye and ear protection when shooting and cleaning.
- Be sure the barrel is clear of obstructions before shooting.
- Don't alter or modify your firearm and have your firearm(s) serviced regularly.
- Learn the mechanics and handling characteristics of the firearm you are using.

Safe gun handling depends on you! A safe shooter is a knowledgeable shooter.

A WARNING! STOP SHOOTING IMMEDIATELY AND UNLOAD YOUR FIREARM

If your firearm develops a mechanical malfunction; binding or stoppage, splitting powder/gas, a cartridge primer is punctured, a cartridge case is bulged or ruptured, or the sound on firing does not sound quite right. Do NOT try one more shot, but unload your firearm and take it and the ammunition to a qualified gunsmith Do not assume that the linearm is empty merely because you checked the chamber.

You must also check the bore for an obstruction inside the barrel.

▲ WARNING! Always ensure that the ammunition you are using is clean, undamaged and of the proper caliber before loading your pistol. The manufacturer and distributor of this pistol disciairn any liability for the use of remanufactured, reloaded or hand-loaded ammunition. Protect your investment in this fine firearm by using only factory fresh, quality ammunition. The use of improper caliber or low quality ammunition could result in injury, death and/or property damage upon firing. Remember, firearms safety depends on you!

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

MODEL	TP9 ELITE COMBAT				
Caliber	9x19 mm / 9x21 mm				
Magazine Capacity	1x10rds , 1 x 15rds , 1x 18rds				
SAI® Threaded Barrel Length (M13,5x1)	4,73"				
Overall Length	7,88"				
Height	3,56"				
Width	1,45° 25,80or 3,46 os Single Action Scoker Fired Trigger Safety Lever Firing Pin Block Side Reversible Firing Pin Striker) is visible when cocker				
Weight (w/o Magazine)					
18 rds Magazine Weight					
Operating System					
Fire Control					
Safety System					
Magazine Release					
Strike Status Indicator					
Loaded Chamber Indicator	Visible On Slide				
Interchangeable Backstrap (Mag-Well Ready)	2 stres available				
Sights	SAI* Sights				
Optic Ready Adaptors	#1 Docter , Meopte, Insight and Vortex #2 Trijlon #3 C-more #4 Leupold, Shield, and J-Point				
Slide Rolease	Ambidextrous				

Diagram showing major operational parts of the TP9 ELITE COMBAT Semi Auto Pistol SAC Flint Carls Front Sight Progress Ret. Toke Down Calif. Trigger Gump Firms the attenue Andrewson Stife Stat Level SAF Salient Arms International

The study of this picture will aid you in understanding the instructions in this booklet.

Safety:

This pistol has an internal firing pin block, which blocks the firing pin from moving forward unless the trigger is pulled and a trigger safety that must be depressed to pull the trigger.

Loaded Chamber Indicator

This pistol is equipped with a loaded chamber indicator. When the chamber is loaded it is raised from the slide (See illustration #2). When the chamber is empty, it is flush with the slide (See illustration #3)



Hustration#2



Illustration#3

To Load the Pistol

A Warning! Before loading, make sure the inside of the barrel is free of dirt or other obstructions.

A Warning! Always check each cartridge to ensure it is of the correct caliber and in good condition before loading the firearm.

Warningt Never load a firearm indoors. An accidental discharge will cause property damage, serious injury and/or death! Never use live ammunition to function test your pistol indoors.

A Warning! Keep fingers away from the trigger while loading.

A Warning! Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

- 1. Load the magazine with the correct ammunition by pressing the cartridges one at a time down and under the magazine's feed lips; the cartridges will automatically alternate from side to side. Holding the magazine in your primary hand and gently tapping it against your opposite palm will help seat the cartridges and assure good feeding. When loading the rounds into the magazine, ensure the base of the cartridge is in contact with the back of the magazine. (See Illustration #4)
- Keeping your finger outside the triggerguard, pick up the firearm with one hand and the magazine with the other. Insert the magazine into the magazine well, after seating the magazine pull down on it to ensure it is locked in place. (See Illustration #5)



Illustration#4



Illustration#5

 Grasp the slide under the rear sight and move it fully rearward and release it. As it moves rapidly forward under spring pressure, the slide will strip a round from the magazine and insent it into the chamber. (See Illustration #6) The pistol is now loaded and ready to fire. The red striker indicator will be visible. (See Illustrations #7)



Illustration#6



Illustration#7

Warning! The pistol is now loaded and will fire if the trigger is pulled! Handle with extreme caution and keep the muzzle (the end of the barrel) pointed in a safe direction!

To Fire the Pistol

- Keeping the The Rules of the Pistol's Safety in mind, aim the pistol downrange at the target. When firing this pistol
 you may need to experiment with different shooting styles until you find the method which best suits your sporting activity.
 Remember to always fire the pistol in such a manner that you can maintain a safe muzzle direction at all times.
- Place your finger inside the trigger guard and on the trigger. Slowly pull the trigger while depressing the trigger safety fully and continue pulling until striker releases.
- 3. Being a semi-automatic pistol, the pistol's action (its moving parts) will cycle after the first round is fired. As the slide moves rearward, the extractor will pull the empty cartridge case from the chamber and eject it from the pistol. (Make sure there are no bystanders in close proximity on either side of the pistol who acaid be injured by the ejected cartridge case or gasses expelled from the pistol.) NOTE: If the trigger is pressed again, the pistol will fire! Keep the pistol pointed in a safe direction. Keep your fingers away from the muzzle when firing the gun.
- 4. Firing may be continued in this manner until the magazine is empty.
- A Warning! The barrel will be very hot after firing!
- A Warning! Keep all parts of your body away from the muzzle!
- ▲ Warning! Always unload your pistol immediately after use and prior to cleaning and storage to minimize the risk of an accidental discharge. If your pistol ever fails to fire keep if pointed at the target for at least 30 seconds in the event of a hang fire (slow ignition). If the round still does not fire, remove the magazine, eject the cartridge by carefully opening the slide and discard the bad round. Reload the pistol to resume firing.

Unloading the Pistol

A Warning! Keep muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

- 1. While keeping the pistol pointed in a safe direction. Hold the pistol with one hand, depress the magazine release button with your thumb and the magazine should fall into your free hand. (See Illustration #8.)
- 2. Grasp the slide under the rear sight and move it fully rearward, holding the slide fully open inspect the chamber to ensure it is empty.
- 3. Allow the slide to go forward on the empty chamber. Pull the trigger to lower the striker. Note: When the striker is lowered, the red striker indicator is not visible. (See Illustration #7).

Warning! The pistol will fire if the magazine is removed and if the trigger is pulled when a cartridge is in the chamber. Warning! If the dropped, any firearm could fire when there is a cartridge in the chamber.

Field Stripping

Please note the TP9 Elite Combat disassembles and assembles differently than other pistols in the TP series. Failure to follow the disassembly/ assembly instructions can damage your pistol.

Warning! Before beginning the disassembly process, check to ensure the pistol is not loaded. To do so, follow the procedures detailed in the Unloading the Pistol section on this page 16.

Warning! Wear eye protection, such as shooting glasses or goggles, when disassembling your firearm to protect your eyes from tensioned parts, such as springs that could be dislodged during disassembly.

- 1. Before beginning, remove all live ammunition, loaded magazines and other firearms from the working area. Remove the magazine from the pistol. To do so, follow the procedures detailed in the Unloading the Pistol section on page 15 and confirm the chamber is empty.
- While remembering to maintain a safe muzzle direction, secure the unloaded pistol firmly in a supported location such as your lap, or on a table. Pull the trigger to lower the striker. NOTE: When the striker is lowered, the red striker indicator is not visible. (See Illustration #7)
- 3. While holding the pistol in your primary hand, grasp the take down catches, located above the trigger. Pull them down with your other hand, while using your thumb on your primary hand to push the slide forward (please note the slide will only move forward about 1 inch) Lift up on the slide while moving it back and forth, until it lifts free of the frame. (See Illustration #9 #10 and #11.)



Illustration#8



Illustration#9



Illustration#10



Illustration#11

- 4. By using the wrench that is included with your pistol in the case, you can screw/unscrew the threaded muzzle protector as shown in Illustration #12. You can screw threaded muzzle protector by turning the wrench counterclockwise (LH) direction and unscrew it by turning the wrench clockwise (RH) as shown in Illustration #13
- 5. Holding the slide with your primary hand, use your secondary hand to push the recoil spring toward the muzzle and lift it free. Lift the barrel slightly and push it forward toward the muzzle. Then you can pull it back and lift it free from the slide. Illustration #14



Illustration#12



Illustration#13



Illustration#14

Reassembly

- 1. Hold the slide in your primary hand with the muzzle side facing the ground. Drop the barrel into the slide, turn the slide up so that the muzzle is facing the sky: the barrel will slide into place.
- 2. While holding the slide in your primary hand, place the recoil spring in the muzzle end of the slide. NOTE: The flat end of the recoil spring must be facing the chamber. (See Illustration #16) Use your thumb on your secondary hand to press the spring towards the muzzle and slightly down.
- 3. Line the slide grooves up with the frame and slide them back together.







Sight Adjustment

- 1. The rear sight is drift windage adjustable. For bullet hits to the right of point of aim (POA), move the rear sight left. For bulllet hits left of POA, move rear sight right.
- The front sight is also drift windage adjustable as the rear sight.

Installing Mag-well

- Remove the magazine from the pistot and unload the chamber. To do so, follow the procedures in the Unloading the pistot section on page 16 and be sure that chamber is empty.
- 2. Take the Mag-well and locate it on the grip by using front serrations of the grip to hold tight on the entrance of magazine housing as shown in Illustration #17, #18. Ensure that the hole on the mag-well meets the threaded hole at the bottom of the backstrap.
- 3. Then tighten mag-well by using M3x6 screw and 2mm allen wrech as shown in Illustration #19



Illustration#17



Illustration#18



Illustration#19

Removal of Rear Sight Base

- 1. Before beginning remove all live ammunition, loaded magazines and other firearms from the working area. Remove the magazine from the pistol and unload the chamber. To do so follow the procedures detailed in the Unloading the pistol section on page 16 and confirm the chamber is enough.
- 2. Holding the pistol as shown in illustration #20, use a 2 mm allen wrench to remove the rear sight base screws.
- 3. After removing the rear sight base screws with lock washers, lift the rear sight base out as shown Illustration #21 Please note as the base fits extremely tight, you may need to follow the directions under Field Stripping on page 17 to remove the slide. Once the slide has been removed use the 2mm allen wrench in the screw hole pictured in Illustration #22 and push to unseat the rear sight base. Prying the optic sight base off may damage the base and/or the slide.



Illustration#20



Illustration#21



Illustration#22

RMR Mounting Plates

Your TP9 Elite Combat comes complete with four of the most popular RMR mounting plates numbered 1 through 4 (see illustration #23). The set includes a 2mm allen wrench, two mounting screws and two spare screws for the mounting plates.



O1 Flam (it Work with Clocker Monato, viscoli)







Illustration#23

Installing the RMR Mounting Plate

Insert the mounting plate as shown in illustration #24. Using the mounting plate screws that come with your pistol, tighten the screws by hand (see illustration 25)



Illustration#24



Illustration#25

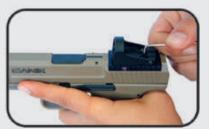
Installing the Optic Sight

Install the sight, making sure it fits properly into the sockets for your sight as shown Illustration #26.

Please use only mounting screws that are included with your pistol to mount the sight.



Illustration#26



Illustration#27

Installing the Cocking Lever

Screw the cocking lever into its socket located on the side of the RMR mounting plate as shown in illustration 28. The cocking handle can be mounted for either right or left handed operation.



Illustration#28

Magazine Release Button Extensions

Your pistol comes with three different size magazine release button extensions (small – medium – large). Select the size of magazine release extensions that best suits your needs. Remove the screw using the included 2mm alten wrench, insert the release and tighten the M3x8 screw as shown illustration #29.



Illustration#29

SUPPRESSOR READY MODELS

▲ WARNING 1: THREADED MUZZLE Your pistol is equipped with a threaded barrel for suppressed applications. The thread on the barrel is any suppressor or muzzle device must accept the thread. Attempting to install a device with any thread other than will result in destruction to your pistol and suppressor and could result in personal injury.

The threaded barrel is provided with a thread protector cap. Carrying the pistol without a suppressor or without the cap installed may lead to damaged barrel threads.

Never attempt to attach a suppressor to the muzzle threads that are dirty or damaged, as this may lead to properly damage, personal injury and/or death.

Suppressor ready models of Canik/Century Arms should only be used with high quality sound suppressors, compensators and other accessories. Use of low quality suppressors can damage or cause excessive wear on pistol components and void the Canik/Century Arms limited lifetime warranty.

A WARNING 2: INSTALLATION Never install, tighten or remove a suppressor from a loaded firearm.

To properly install a suppressor, point the pistol in a safe direction and confirm that the magazine is removed. Next, open the slide and confirm that no cartridge remains in the chamber. Follow the suppressor instructions for proper installation.

Generally, a suppressor must be hand light on the barrel. If a suppressor is over-lightened, threads on the barrel or suppressor can be stripped or the suppressor is misaligned with the bore. Unless the suppressor is properly aligned with the bore axis, do not fire the pistol. Firing a pistol with an improperly installed or misaligned suppressor will result in destruction of the pistol and suppressor and may cause injury or death.

Check the fit between barrel and suppressor before firing! The thread mount must be fully engaged on the barrel. If there is any gap DO NOT fire with the suppressor attached. Poor accuracy and product damage may result if the suppressor is not fully engaged. Failure to follow installation and maintenance instructions detailed in the manual for the suppressor may result in serious personal injury and damage to the weapon. Firearm sound suppressors are user-attached firearm muzzle devices, and as such are subject to improper attachment issues unless the procedures outlined in the suppressor manual are followed precisely. On not attempt to use the pistol with the suppressor unless you have specific training and experience in the use of suppressed firearms.

- ▲ WARNING 3: REMOVAL OF THE SUPPRESSOR Before removing the sound suppressor from the firearm confirm the pistol is unloaded and the action is opened so that it is visibly clear of any ammunition. If you are unsure as to the proper procedures to ensure that your firearm is unloaded, follow the procedures detailed in the Unloading the pistol section on page 16 and confirm the chamber is empty.
- ★ WARNING 4: SUPPRESSOR MAINTENANCE Assembly and disassembly of the pistol or suppressor should never be performed while the suppressor is affixed to the finearm. Always completely remove the suppressor from the finearm before assembly and/or disassembly is attempted. Before performing maintenance, removing, or installing the suppressor, open the action, ensure finearm is unloaded, and be sure the chamber is empty. Failure to do so can result in property damage, injury, or death.
 Follow all suppressor manufacturer instructions regarding proper cleaning, maintenance and lubrication for your suppressor.
- ★ WARNING 5: TIGHTENING If during firing your suppressor is loose, completely unload the pistol. Allow the suppressor and pistol to cool, before tightening the installation.
 Do not attempt to fire the pistol with a loose suppressor as damage to the pistol and suppressor and injury can occur.
- ▲ WARNING 6: SUPPRESSORS ABSORB ENGERY AND BECOME HOT DURING FIRING Contact with a suppressor during or after firing will cause significant skin burns and will damage heat sensitive objects. Identify an appropriate location to rest your suppressed firearm after firing to maintain a safe muzzle direction and to avoid burns. Touching a hot suppressor with bare skin may result in injury. Never hold the suppressor during firing.
- ▲ WARNING 7: PROPER CALIBER Your pistol is chambered for the 9x19mm cartridge. Do not attempt to install and fire with any suppressor which has a bore diameter less than 9mm.

▲ WARNING 8: AMMUNITION GUIDELINES To maximize efficiency and reliability when using firearms with suppressor, it is imperative users ONLY employ FACTORY LOADED jacksted ammunition. DO NOT fire lead bullets, frangible or pre-fragmented ammunition through any Canik/Century Arms firearms with a suppressor installed. Evidence of use of any lead, frangible or pre-fragmented ammunition will void the warranty, and any repairs made necessary from the use of frangible or pre-fragmented ammunition will be invoiced to the owner.

To maximize suppressor efficiency and reliability we recommend using factory loaded, jacketed armunition designed to remain subsonic when fired. Subsonic ammunition will have a muzzle velocity below the speed of sound, and will provide the most pleasing sound signature when fired through the firearm with a mounted suppressor.

Canik/Century Arms firearms are capable of shooting +P ammunition but only fire standard pressure (Not +P) ammunition through a suppressor. The use of ammunition other than standard pressure ammunition with suppressors may lead to damage, personal injury ant/or death.

A WARNIG 9: EYE PROTECTION Firing a suppressed firearm changes the pressure profile inside the chamber. This can create a greater number of airborne powder or lead particles around the pistol and the suppressor. Always wear eye protection when discharging firearms with or without a suppressor. Discharging the firearm without wearing eye protection may lead to personal injury and/or death.

▲ WARNING 10: HEARING PROTECTION Suppressors do not eliminate the sounds of a discharge. Factors like the type of ammunition fired, the environment where firing, and the operation of the firearm all contribute to firing noise. When firing a suppressor, the shooter and by-standers, must wear hearing protection. A WARNING 11: SAFE USE Since suppressors are much quieter when fired than un-suppressed firearms, the shooter must exercise a higher awareness of those near-by. Only the shooter can insure that individuals and animals do not accidentally intersect the firing impact zone.

Because suppressed firearms make less noise than unsuppressed firearms, it is easy to forget that they are still firearms and capable of causing death, bodily injury and property damage. It is of vital importance to remember that a suppressed firearm is just as dangerous as an unsuppressed firearm, and that the same safe handling requirements still apply.

IMPORTANT: Before using any accessories check your local, state and federal laws to insure owning and using sound suppressors, compensators and other accessories are in compliance with these laws.

- WARNING 12: LEAD WARNING Using, handling and/or cleaning a firearm or suppressor may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm, cancer and other serious physical injury. Have adequate ventilation at all times and wash hands thoroughly after exposure.
- ★ WARNING 13: MAINTAINING THE FINISH ON YOUR PISTOL. Do not use sandpaper or emery cloth to clean any part of the firearm or suppressor. Abrasives more aggressive than Scotch Brite may damage the precision contact surfaces of the pistol, resulting in friction that can lead to malfunctions of the firearms and suppressor. A malfunctioning firearm or suppressor is a dangerous situation that can lead to property damage, personal injury and/or death. Only use solvents in a well-ventilated area away from open flames. Unsafe use of solvents may lead to property damage, personal injury and/or death.

Cleaning and Maintanence

A Warning! Before beginning the cleaning process, check to ensure the pistol is unloaded. (See the Unloading the Pistol section on page 16)

A Warning! You should wear eye protection, such as shooting glasses or goggles, when cleaning your firearm to protect your eyes from tensioned parts, such as springs, that may become dislodged during disassembly.

- Obtain a quality cleaning kit or use the one if supplied within the pistol case and in addition to the instructions in this section, throughly review the cleaning kit manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Follow the pistol field stripping procedures (See page 17)
- To clean barrel, select the correct caliber cleaning brush and attach it to the cleaning rod.
- Dampen the screw-in nylon bore brush with cleaner, lubricant, protectant (CLP) and then push/pull the brush through the barrel several times from the chamber to the muzzle.
- Remove the brush and attach a cloth cleaning patch to the cleaning rod and push it through the barrel several times to remove loosened fouling.
- Repeat this process with the brush and cleaning patches until a final patch comes out clean after swabbing the bore. Apply light coating of CLP to the outer surface of the barrel.
- 7. Remove shooting residue from the slide and barrel's action parts by the brush and cloth supplied. Apply light coating of CLP to the rails, trigger bar and inside of the ejector assembly of frame and rails on the slide, firing pin block together with the slide's inner side where the barrel operates.

A Lubrication Warning

Firing a firearm with oil, grease or any other material even partially obstructing the bore may result in damage to the firearm and injury to the shooter and those nearby. Do not spray or apply lubricants directly on ammunition. If the powder charge of a cartridge is affected by the lubricant, it may not be ignited, but the energy from the primer may be sufficient to push the bullet into the bore where it may become lodged. Firing a subsequent bullet into the obstructed bore will damage the firearm and may cause injury to the shooter and those nearby. Use lubricants properly. You are responsible for the proper care and maintenance of your firearm and ammunition.

A Warning Concerning Alterations and Aftermarket Parts!

Altering or modifying parts and/ or internal safeties is dangerous and will void the warranty. This firearm was manufactured to perform properly with the original parts and accessories as designed. It is your duty to make sure any parts you buy are made for this firearm and are installed correctly and that neither the replacements nor originals are altered or changed. Your gun is a complex precision tool with parts that must relate correctly to other parts in order for proper and safe operation. Putting a gun together wrong or with incorrect or modified parts can result in a damaged gun, danger, and injury or death to you and others through malfunction. Always have a qualified gunsmith work on your gun or at least check any work not performed by a gunsmith.

Limitations of Warranty

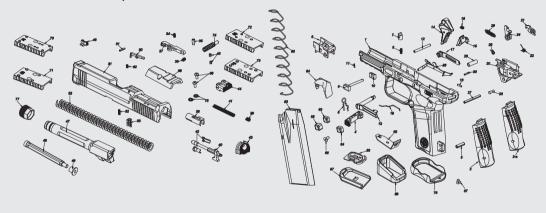
The Canik warranty will be void if any of the following occur:

- The product is not properly registered,
 The instructions in the manual are not followed.
- 3. Your TP9 ELITE COMBAT pistol or any of its parts are altered or modified from their original state,
- Damage is caused by misuse, abuse, or improper maintenance,
- 5. Your TP9 ELITE COMBAT pistol is disassembled beyond the instructions in the manual,
- Reloaded, remanufactured, or hand-loaded ammunition, or ammunition of a different caliber than your TP9 ELITE COMBAT pistol is used; or
- TP9 ELITE COMBAT used for range rentals or other similar programs are not eligible.

Storage

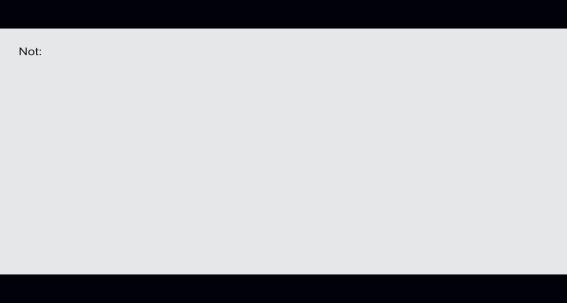
Your pistol should be thoroughly cleaned and lightly lubricated before being put away for storage. A light coating of good quality gun oil should be applied to all exposed surfaces. Remove all excess lubrication and use a cleaning rod and cleaning patch to make sure that the bore (the inside of barrel) is dry and free of obstructions when you remove your pistol from storage and before firing it, CHECK TO ENSURE THAT YOUR PISTOL IS NOT LOADED BEFORE STORING IT. ALWAYS STORE FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION SEPARATE FROM EACH OTHER AND OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. ALWAYS SECURELY LOCK YOUR FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION IN SEPARATE LOCATIONS WHEN NOT IN USE. REFERENCE YOUR HOME STATE'S FIREARMS REGULATIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS AND AMMUNITION.

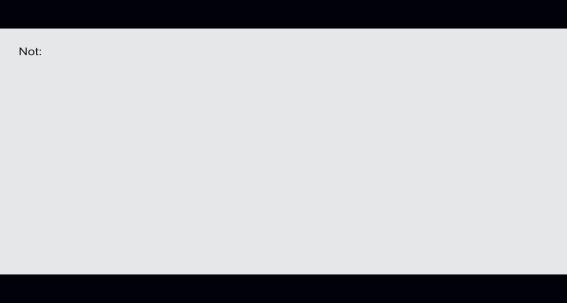
TP9 ELITE COMBAT Exploded View

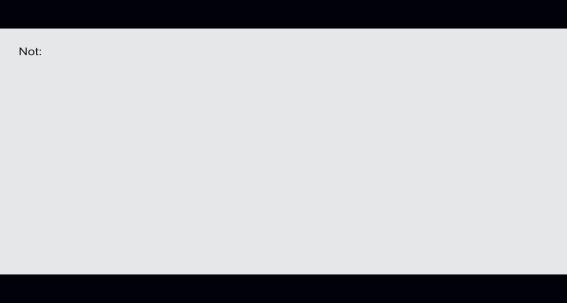


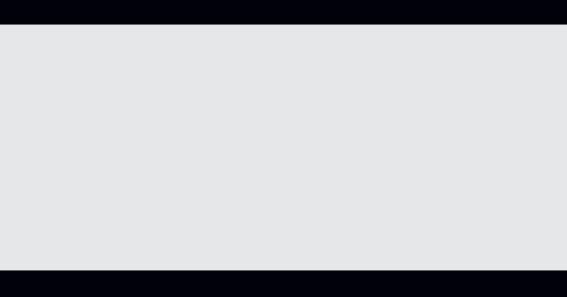
TP9 ELITE COMBAT PART LIST

	1	FRAME	20	EJECTOR	40	FIRING PIN	62	LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR SPRING
	2	BACKSTRAP (SM)	21	SEAR	41	FIRING PIN SPRING	63	MAGAZINE RELEASE BUTTON SMALL (SM)
:	2-a	BACKSTRAP (LG)	22	SEAR SPRING	42	FIRING PIN RETAINER	64	MAGAZINE RELEASE BUTTON MEDIUM (M)
	3	BACKSTRAP PIN	23	SEAR PIN	43	SLIDE RETAINING PLATE	65	MAGAZINE RELEASE BUTTON LARGE (LG)
4	4	MAGAZINE CATCH	24	SEAR LEVER	44	SAI REAR SIGHT	66	MAGAZINE RELEASE BUTTON SCREW (M)
	5	MAGAZINE CATCH SPRING	25	SEAR LEVER SPRING	45	REAR SIGHT SET SCREW	67	MAG-WELL SCREW
(3	LOCKING BLOCK	26	SEAR LEVER PIN	46	SAI FRONT SIGHT FIBER OPTIC	68	REAR SIGHT BASE
7	7	LOCKING LEVER	27	EJECTOR PIN	47	SAI COMBAT BARREL	69	REAR SIGHT BASE SCREW
8	3	LOCKING LEVER SPRING	28	TRIGGER BAR	48	RECOIL SPRING GUIDE	70	RMR MOUNTING PLATE #1
9	9	TAKE DOWN CATCH	29	TRIGGER SPRING	51	RECOIL SPRING GUIDE STOP	71	RMR MOUNTING PLATE #2
1	10	TAKE DOWN CATCH PIECE	30	TRIGGER BAR PIN	52	RECOIL SPRING	72	RMR MOUNTING PLATE #3
	11	TAKE DOWN CATCH PIN	31	COMBAT SLIDE	53	MAGAZINE BODY	73	RMR MOUNTING PLATE #4
1	12	LOCKING LEVER PIN	32	FIRING PIN BLOCK SPRING	54	MAGAZINE FOLLOWER	74	COCKING LEVER
1	13	TRIGGER PIN / SLIDE LOCK LEVER LEFT	33	FIRING PIN BLOCK	55	MAGAZINE SPRING	75	LOCKING WASHER
1	14	COMBAT TRIGGER	34	EXTRACTOR PIN SPRING	56	MAGAZINE FLOOR PLATE LOCK	76	COMBAT MAG-WELL
1	15	COMBAT TRIGGER SAFETY LEVER	35	EXTRACTOR PIN	57	MAGAZINE FLOOR PLATE	77	THREADED MUZZLE PROTECTOR M13,5x1
1	16	TRIGGER SAFETY LEVER SPRING	36	EXTRACTOR SPRING	58	COMBAT MAGAZINE FLOOR PLATE LOCK		
,	17	RIGHT SLIDE STOP LEVER	37	EXTRACTOR	59	COMBAT MAGAZINE FLOOR PLATE		
1	18	SLIDE STOP LEVER PIN	38	FIRING PIN COLLET	60	MICRO LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR		
1	19	SLIDE STOP LEVER SPRING	39	FIRING PIN RETURN SPRING	61	LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR PIN		









PRODUCTION PERMIT

Management of -- STATISTICS

FACILITY SECURITY



AQAP-2110



- All fire arms of Canik, are tested by Samsun Domestic Defense and Industry Corporation before they are displayed for sale.
- · Canik fire arms ore guaranteed by Samsun Domestic Defense and Industry Corporation.

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